

# DN 50 REGULATOR SUTON 5000A5 REGULATOR SUTON 5000D5

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> Cod. RISUT5000A5 Cod. RISUT5000D5

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The Suton 5000□5 Regulator is designed for use in distribution networks with medium to high inlet pressures.

They are direct acting regulator, where the spring housing/regulator head (1) is mounted directly to the flanged body (2).

The Suton 5010□5 versions include an optional Over-Pressure (OPSO) and/or Under-Pressure (UPSO) Shut-Off facility, which takes the place of the lower body plug (3).

#### MODEL

There are three models in the range, depending on the required inlet/outlet pressures.

Model BP (Low pressure version): For outlet pressures from 2 to 10 kPa (20 to 100 mbar). (Please refer to technical datasheet Suton 5000□1)

Model MP (Medium pressure version): For outlet pressures from 8 to 35 kPa (80 to 350 mbar). (Please refer to technical datasheet Suton 5000□3)

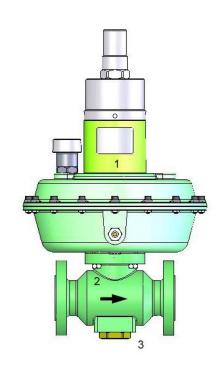
Model AP (High pressure version): For outlet pressures from 30 to 400 kPa (300 to 4000 mbar). (This technical sheet)

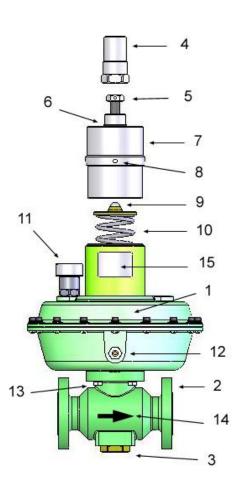
#### **CONNECTIONS**

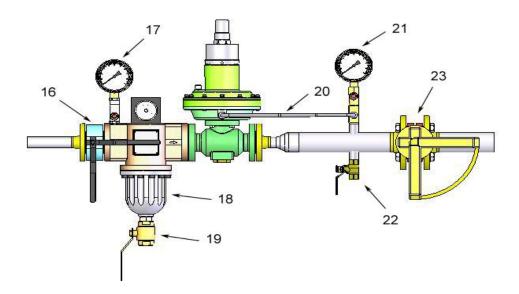
Model SUTON 5000 A5 is with 2" ANSI-150 flanges Model SUTON 5000 D5 is with DN-50 PN-25 flanges

#### **ASSEMBLY**

- Prior to installing the regulator, please verify the pressure and connection details required correspond with the information on the label (15).
- Assure that the fluid flows in the direction that the arrow (14) indicates.
- Make the connection of the sense lines (12) to a straight pipeline, turbulence free, downstream the outlet of the regulator (at a distance of at least 5 times the diameter of the pipe). The sense line tube should have a minimum diameter of 10mm and should be totally exempted of any type of obstruction, valves and diameter reductions.
- The area of installation of the regulator should be adequate to allow maintenance labors and outlet pressure adjustments.
- The OPSO/UPSO Device (Optional) is mounted on the lower section of the regulator. It monitors the downstream pressure independently of the main section of the regulator. The OPSO/UPSO device can be ordered with the regulator, or can be fitted separately, later if required.







#### STARTUP PROCEDURE

- Open the bleed valve (22) to provide a slight flow of gas.
- Slightly and slowly, open the inlet valve (16), located immediately upstream of the regulator.
- Check that the inlet pressure (17) is correct.
- Verify that the outlet pressure (21) has stabilized.
- The main inlet valve (16), found at the inlet of the filter (18), can now be fully opened.
- Slowly open the outlet valve (23).
- If the regulator is fitted with an OPSO/UPSO, this should be kept in mind.

### **REGULATOR SETUP**

#### Outlet Pressure Adjustment:

- Remove aluminum cap (4), located on the top of the regulator.
- To increase outlet pressure, turn the main spring adjustment bolt (5) CLOCKWISE with a Tube Spanner 24mm.
- Turning this bolt anti-clockwise will decrease the outlet pressure.
- Place aluminum cap (4) back onto the regulator top, make sure to put the O-ring (6).

The spring used in these regulators have been designed to provide specific outlet pressure ranges. For outlet pressures outside the specified range, a spring change will be required.

## Causes of abnormal operation:

- Sense lines (20) not connected, blocked or leaking.
- Sense lines (20) may be of insufficient diameter, or connected at a location of turbulence in the pipeline.
- Pressure required is outside the range of the spring installed.
- Flow capacity requires exceeds regulator capacity.
- Atmospheric Vent (11) blocked or restricted.

If regulator does not close perfectly, this may be caused by:

- A worn, damaged, or pitted Valve Seat Disc.
- Orifice may be worn.
- O-ring may be worn.
- Deterioration of the main or compensation diaphragms.

If the OPSO/UPSO does not close perfectly:

• Please refer to the Technical Data Sheet relevant to the OPSO/UPSO device concerned.

To avoid particle damage of the internal working parts of the regulator, it is necessary to install a filter (18) of not less than 5 microns prior to the regulator.

#### CHANGING THE MAIN SPRING:

Removing the main spring:

- Close inlet valve (16) and the outlet valve (23).
- Depressurize the inlet and outlet side of the regulator via purge valves 19 and 22.
- Remove main regulator cap (4) to access the bolt (5).
- Wind the adjustment bolt (5) ANTI-CLOCKWISE, until all pressures is taken off the main spring.
- Using a 90 to 155mm hook-spanner, turn the main spring housing (7) anti-clockwise to reveal the main spring.
- Extract the spring.

#### Re-assembly:

- Insert the spring of appropriate outlet pressure range.
- Re-assemble the main spring housing in reverse order to the above instructions.
- Please ensure only spring of appropriate size are fitted, and the spring plate and ball-bearing are relocated on the top of the replacement spring, as failure to do soy may cause regulator damage or failure.

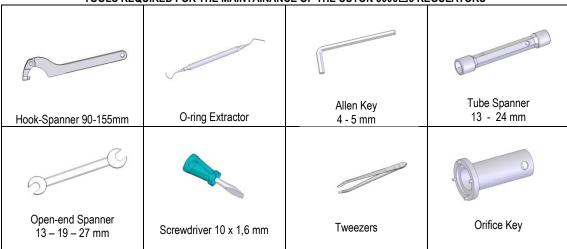
#### **REMOVAL OF THE MOBILE DEVICE:**

- Close inlet Valve (16) and outlet Valve (23).
- Depressurize the inlet and outlet side of the regulator via purge valves 19 and 22.
- Disconnect the sense line connected to the underside of the main diaphragm housing (12).
- Using a 13mm spanner, loosen and remove the four body bolts (13).
- The regulator head can now be safely removed.

#### Re-assembly

• To re-fit the regulator head, reverse the above procedure.

TOOLS REQUIRED FOR THE MAINTAINANCE OF THE SUTON 5000 □ 5 REGULATORS



### OUTLET PRESSURE ADJUSTMENT SPRINGS FOR THE SUTON 5000 $\square$ 5 REGULATORS

Spring Code	Spring Color	Ø Wire (mm)	Length (mm)	Ø Outside (mm)	nº Turns	Spring Range in kPa (mbar)
ZM370155080A	Nickel + Blue Stripe	8	155	70	9.5	35 ÷ 60 (350 ÷ 600)
ZM370155090A	Nickel + Black Stripe	9	155	70	9.5	60 ÷ 100 (600 ÷ 1000)
ZM370155100A	Nickel + Violet Stripe	10	155	70	9.5	80 ÷ 175 (800 ÷ 1750)
ZM370155110A	Nickel + Orange Stripe	11	155	70	9.5	120 ÷ 240 (1200 ÷ 2400)
ZM373155120A	Nickel + Pink Stripe	12	155	73	8.5	180 ÷ 370 (1800 ÷ 3700)
ZM374160131A	Nickel + Red Stripe	13	160	74	8.5	220 ÷ 400 (2200 ÷ 4000)

#### **FLOW**

Table 1. Regulator flow in (n)m³/h natural gas, with internal signal (12).

Table 2. Regulator flow in (n)m³/h natural gas, with internal signal (12) + external signal (25).

The speed of the gas flowing through the outlet pipe where the pressure is taken to drive the regulator (25), (and Shut-off valve) must be less than 12 m/s.

The accuracy class is AC10 / SG20

### SUTON 5000 □5

#### Table 1

Pa	Pe (bar)															
(bar)	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.0	4.5	5.0	6.0	7.0	8.0	10	12	14	16
0.3	503	690	908	1059	1211	1362	1379	1379	1379	1379	1379	1379	1379	1379	1379	1379
0.5	446	655	908	1059	1211	1362	1513	1592	1592	1592	1592	1592	1592	1592	1592	1592
1.0		511	742	936	1211	1362	1513	1665	1816	2118	2122	2122	2122	2122	2122	2122
1.5			568	820	1028	1216	1513	1665	1816	2118	2421	2653	2653	2653	2653	2653
2.0				621	892	1113	1311	1496	1816	2118	2421	2724	3183	3183	3183	3183
2.5					669	959	1192	1400	1592	2118	2421	2724	3329	3714	3714	3714
3.0						714	1021	1267	1484	1873	2421	2724	3329	3934	4244	4244
4.0								797	1137	1640	2056	2433	3329	3934	4540	5145

#### Flow in (n)m3/h natural gas

### Flow with other gases

In the tables above, the flow is in (n)m³/h natural gas with a density 0.61 and temperature 15° C

To convert to other gas flow, using the following formula:

Q (n) $m^3$ /h natural gas x Fc = Q (n) $m^3$ /h n gas

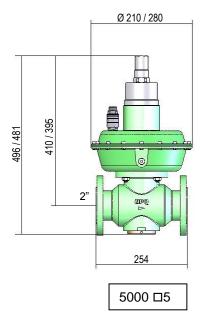
Example:

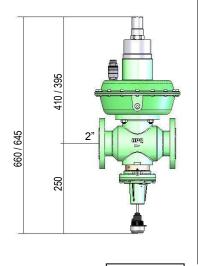
Q (n)m $^3$ /h natural gas x 0.78 = Q (n)m $^3$ /h air

 $1 (n)m^3/h$  natural gas =  $0.78 (n)m^3/h$  air

Correction factor Fc at 15°C							
Butane	0.55						
Propane	0.64						
Oxygen	0.76						
Air	0.78						
Nitrogen	0.81						
Biogas	0.85						
Town gas	1.23						
Hydrogen	3.04						

#### **DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS**





5010 □5

Technical features of SUTON 5000 □5							
bpu Ps Pu Wd SUTON 5 Wdo Wdu Wrv Ac Sg T	0.2 ÷ 25 bar 25 bar 25 bar (i 5000 □5 300 ÷ 4000 500 ÷ 4000 mbar 150 ÷ 2500 mbar +10 ÷ +20% Pd until 10 % until 20 % -20°C ÷ 60°C	(inlet pressure range) (design pressure) maximum inlet pressure) (outlet pressure range) ) mbar (OPSO range) (UPSO range) (Relief valve range) (accuracy class) (accuracy class) (working temperature)					
Weight S		2" ANSI or DN-50 PN-25 2" ANSI or DN-50 PN-25 Axial 24.0 Kg 26.0 Kg					

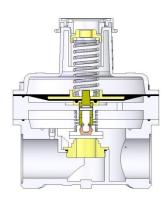
#### **RELIEF VALVE**

For installations ON-OFF, the output of the regulator should be sufficiently large lungs to absorb water hammer. It is recommended that lung mounted external relief valve capable of removing pressure peaks.

The quantity of gas released by pressure relief valve is

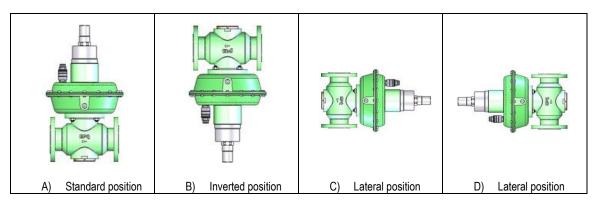
The quantity of gas released by pressure relief valve is related to the difference of inlet pressure and his calibrated. In the attached image is shown as an example, the relief valve VS 25 model. In which its operation is based on the confrontation of forces on both sides of the membrane.

On one side of the membrane, the gas pressure acts, on the opposite side and the spring force adjustment.

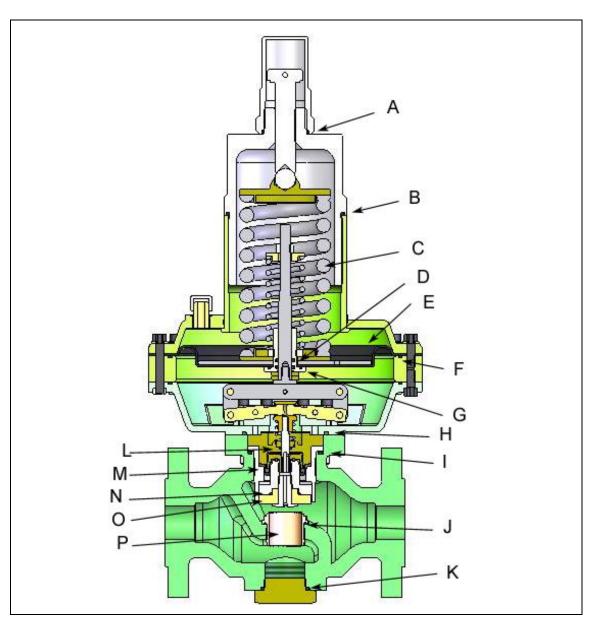


External relief valve VS-25

## MOUNTING POSITION



For correct operation, the regulator must be mounted according to the above figures; the first image (A) is the usual position of mounting. There should be enough space for the maintenance work.



## SPARE PARTS FOR SUTON 5000□5



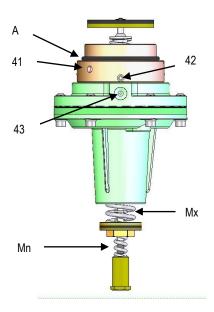
#### SAFETY SHUT-OFF DEVICE (SAV)

The SUTON 5000  $\square$ 5 regulator, is available with built-in safety valve (SAV), or can also be mounted in the future if the installation conditions varv.

In the future if you want to mount the SAV, request the set RI.ORG.0503 and instead on the cap (3)

#### SAV installation

- With the Open-end spanner, loosen and remove the cap (3)
- Insert the RI.ORG.0503, threading clockwise, taking care to reassemble the O-ring (A). Tighten the neck of the SAV with the spanner hook inserted into the holes (41)
- Loosen the screws (42) with a 2.5 mm Allen key and turn the SAV to connect the pressure tubing between the fitting (43) and exit the lung.
- Tighten the screws (42) with 2.5 mm Allen key.
- Connect with 10 mm diameter tube, the fitting (43) and the lung that are located at the exit, a distance at least 5 times the diameter of the lung output, taking care not to ride in this tube, gas valves that can break up the gas.



#### **UPSO ADJUSTMENT SPRINGS**

Spring code	Spring color	Ø Wire (mm)	Length (mm)	Ø Outside (mm)	Spring Range in kPa (mbar)
ZM.3.12.055251	Purple	2.5	55	12.3	15 ÷ 50 (150 ÷ 500)
ZM.3.12.055281	Orange	2.8	55	12.3	30 ÷ 100 (300 ÷ 1000)
ZM.3.12.055301	Pink	3.0	55	12.5	80 ÷ 250 (800 ÷ 2500)

#### **OPSO ADJUSTMENT SPRINGS**

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Spring code	Spring color	Ø Wire (mm)	Length (mm)	Ø Outside (mm)	Spring Range in kPa (mbar)					
ZM.3.30.060351	Blue	3.5	60	30	50 ÷ 100 (500 ÷ 1000)					
ZM.3.30.060371	Black	3.7	60	30	70 ÷ 130 (700 ÷1300)					
ZM.3.30.060401	Purple	4.0	60	30	100 ÷ 180 (1000 ÷ 1800)					
ZM.3.30.060451	Orange	4.5	60	30	130 ÷ 250 (1300 ÷ 2500)					
ZM.3.30.060481	Pink	4.8	60	30	180 ÷ 400 (1800 ÷ 4000)					

WARNING! It is potentially dangerous to manipulate a gas installation and its components. Therefore all start-up, adjustments and maintenance of the regulator must be carried out by duly authorized people with sufficient technical knowledge.